Unity Church, Fittsfield, Mass. October 2,1910.

last Sunday I spoke of the Democracy of God , calling attention to the fact that all through the ages men have been making their gods as a picture of their interpretation of the universal realities, and the significance of human experience in life. The point which I had in mind especially was to bring home the truth that the essesse of life is not to worship the God wixknexkexker that our fathesw made, but to worship the God that we are making, and to remember in doing this that in the handiwork of our craft is our prayer.

We have to confess with regret, that when we come to such a subject taxing as we are dealing with to-day, that we are hardly able to treat it fairly and without prejudice on account of the fact that the use and place of such books as the Bible in human life have been so perverted and distorted

by the over-zealous friends wixkexkikke that we are not able to free ourselves from a certain prejuduce against it. In point of fact the wail of complaint sent out by these same would-be friends to the effect that the Bible is beeing left to ignominious oblivion by the on-marching world is just what they deserve, and what they oguht to expect. The truth is that we have been bibled to a point of Nausea by these pious ranters. In fact many who have taken these people at their word concerning the Bible in simple disgust have laid the book aside among the useless trash that humanity has outgrown. This is a lamentable fact, for in so doing we are casting aside a great treasure. It is true that if all the bibles in the world should be suddenly destroyed, and all trace of them should be forgotten, the world would still go on, and humanity would not go to ruin and perdition as many think, yet it would be a great

as an arsenal of dogma and theological texts has come very ED close to destroying the bible as a very valuable human book for our generation at least. I hope that **EXERTEX*** none of us will fall victims to their evil fruits, and that we may have some understanding of the real vaule of the book as a human document and a nourisher of human effort and acheivment, I am saying what I have to say this morning.

I was interested to note the other day that Ibson the great Norwehian writer and dramatist, whom no one would accuse of ecclesiastical inclinations, was a great reader of the Bible During the months when he was producing the his great plays dissecting modern society, and laying bear its impossible hypocracies, the only book that he ever looked into was the bible. It was to him what it apparently was to the Puritan revolutionist, and help and a guide in doing a great a laborious

task. If in the tasks before us there is any light to be gleaned from its wosdom, any stimulation and inspiration to be had from its noble passages, any encouragement and strength to be derived from xxx personalities embedied in its pages, it were a shame that we should lose that help because a lot of people more loud spoken than wisely spoken have disgusted us with xk their interminable tirade about the word of God. If we may not be lead to sons of commision by their false anf foolish teachings, let us also be not lead to sins of ommission.

111111111111111111111111111111

in the bible the gleanings of the literary remains of a great people. About all that we know of the evolution of a great race from the days of barbarian culture to axxive state of civilization is to be found in this library of their life. Their legends, their mythology, more or less accurate records of their history, the struggles of their growth, -- the records of a human family are the are. Now if you have any faith in the great principles of modern life, that through the experiences and reflection s of men in their life struggles comes wisdom, and truth, and the approach to justice, then you must see the that in thes record of the growth of a people from the dim vapory days of prehistoric times down to the collapse of xixi ancient civilization , and the beginning of midaevalism, that must be a storehouse of that which is valuable for us to-day. Such a book as that we must not throw away lightly because some over zealous persons try to make of the book a thing which it

I want to state as simply as I may some of the ways in which the book helps me, not alone this book but all great books, and after all this is all that I am After is trying to do is suggest its real use in life. In the first place it must be noted that the book is not merely Jewish, It is human. The race that produced it is one of the human family. Their experiences are like other human families and the accidents of form and circumstane. So it a human document, and humanity is not unlike to day what it was then. Some men will say, What use and time have I do read about the past, when there is so much in the rpesent. Why should I devote myself to the ages that are gone, why should I pour over the pages that record the life that is no more, when the living present demands so much of my attention, and absorbs all of my time. --- The answer to that is very simple.

The roots of gold and veins of honor that are feeding the present, have their tips back in the goes that have gone. We are to-day what we are by virtue of the past. In order to understand the present, to desern clearly the direction and tendencies of modern life, and to make a valuable and faithful contribition to the work of our own times, we must soil in which the roots of the living plants of to-day have taken their nourthe sense of historic continuity, not continuity of form, but continuity of spirit, and purpose, that we need to give us the requisite poise, determination and intelligence presented to you a great broblem, you have to meet it, struggle withit, and solve it. We have before us to day in our own national life a tremendous problem caused by the revolution in religious thought. Obe the one hand we have the tremendous & drift towards what some are pleased to call agnosticism, and

away from the traditional forms and standards of religious xx thought and moral conduct. You have the radicals and the conservatives, One will tell you one thing and the other the other You are interested in the great problem that you face, you want to do sincerely and fairly what you can forits solution . But you hardly know which way to turh. One the one hand the conservative will tell you that the only hope of humanity is to go back to the traditions of the fathers, to acc4pt and believe what the fathers accepted and believed, whether you can or not. All this radical teaching is a menace to society, and is only the precurser of disintegration, and the destruction of all life values. Then you turn to the radical and he tells you all hope is in the future, that the water which has turned the mill is passing on to the sea. He will tell you that the conservative is treasuring the memory of things that have been

but can never be again. You must decide between the two, you must work either in one direction or the other, Which are you going to do. If you have any sense of historic continuity, if you know anything of the past you will have a basis for making an intelligent judgement and decision. Ypu will see that the situation which you face is just the same as men have been facing al through history. Take for example a situation in jewish history whose records ar left in the Bible. When the great phophets came to the front with their astonishing dondemnation of the oppression and in humanity of Israeal, when Amos left the flocks of Sheep in the fields of Tekoa, and came to the city of the king, with his stinging denunciations, declaring that their worship of God was the must obnoxious mockery, that their sacrefices, their solemn assemblies, and the noise of their songs God hated and dispised, and he would not be satis-

vants and slaves of an iniquitous and greedy generation, while

Amos has been accorded the position of the first great moral leader of Historic Israeal. Again in the middle ages when feudalism had done its work, and the conventional life of Europe xxx , both state and ecclesiastical, was honeycombed by the rottenness and filth of its greed and oppression, there arose a great cry throughout the nation, the rumblings of revolution appeared were heard, then followed great wars, and turmoil, and strife, the fight of justice against injustice, humanity of grand against the power of greed averice, and privilege. Out of it all came a great people , freed from the heel of feudalism,. Their book of instruction all through this period was the Bible. From it came their ideals and inspirations, with it they supported their arguments, and under its banner as a symbol of eternal truth, they fought their way through the dark days of their conflict. And when the struggle was over they x

gave the book a place of honor and reverance in their lives. But in time they too became overlords, and the bbok which they had used as a weapon of MEXXXXX offense, they now used a weapon of defanse. It became a fetish to them, they worshipped. KNAXXXXXX and that which had been their servant now bacame their xxxxxx master and held them in the grip of a devoted superstition. If you know those facts it gives you a tremendous advantage in determining xhexennanexxxxxxxx your own conduct in the face fo your own problems. Truth is not conservative. justice is not sonservative. Greed is conservative, privilege is conservative. If you want to ally yourself with truth and justice, the history of humanitytells you where you belong, and your cold reasoning head can then confirm the sentiments and longings of your human heart, that is always stirred by a ingrained love for truth and justice. If you love humnaity,

if your are interested, in justice, in truth, in progress, in humnaitarian uplift, do not let a prejudice, brought about superficial retailers of platitudes, deprive you of the use of a book that hostains the records of one great historic struggle for freedom and justice, and was the arsenal of facts kxurgexthatxwexhe. Do not be deceived by its accidental forms/ to not become subservient to it, but use, xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx it (a) an invaluable weapon in the eternal fight for justice and humanity. It is human. Its spirit is democratic, its real essense is humanitarian. Parts of it are worthless, but parts of it will survive in the merits of their instinsic worth long after much of the up to date writings have disappeared.

Then in a use that is more personal, I find a great satisfaction and delight. A part of my own personal Bible is

in this Bible of the Jewish race. Every man must have a Bible of his own, must have his literature to which he goes in different moods for help, and uplift. Hach has to live his life more or less alone. Sometimes we have do do things that grow out of inner convictions, we have to stand out alone, and face the waxxx little world in which we live. We cannot explain, we cannot make our friends see, and they cannot understand. Ye5 the thing must be done, and we await the developement of events to condemn the justeft our action. Such action is not easy. It is easy enough to do what the croud asks. It is easy enough to do a brave deed amid the hurrahs and shoutings of the croud, but is is not so easy to cast all you have into the baxware the boat and sail away from the morrings of conventionality out into the open, and trust yourself to the unseen and eternal truth, that has not yet been seen by men. It tak

takes a great soul to do that. And when I see anyone doing, and want to understand the full strength of their heroism, I go the to some of the confessions and stories of the bible, for I find there the outpourings of human souls, who have done that very thing. I do not know a more glorious passage in all literature as the expression of the desperate lonliness of the human soul in its loving service for humanity that the story of the Garden of Gethsemene. If you want to know what the men who have purchased for us whaterver of freedom we have, have been through. just go home and read that passage, clling to mind the facts. Here is this lone man, whose life has been consecrated to the good of humanity, who has cast aside all considerations of wealth, of honor among his friends, of comfort, and ease, that he might drive home to a burdened nation the truth that in the secrets of his heart he felt that they must have. Now he had come to the critical time in his life, either all that he had

said and done must go by default, and he must be branded merely as a demegogue, and openly deny the truth of his assertions , or he must pay the last pehelty of his manhood demanded by the cruelty and injustice of times. All his followers had deserted him, even the three most faithful disciples do not under stand, and slept through his agony. Do you wonder that he alone with his convictions, facing the fact that all the world was against him, and clamoring for his life, broke forth into that natural human prayer, uttered alone in the silense of the night-time, and in the agony of his soul. One of the great human moments of history. I love to read that when I hear of a man or a woman who has done the brave deed, and faces the condemnation of the world alone. Its human . Its divine.

I use this as an illustration of the personal use to which some parts of this book may be put. That passage alone is

I have used the two illustrations at some length for the sake of pointing out the social and personal value of a great literature. By natural processes of selection we are weeling from the literature of the past, and perhaps adding as sentance from our own times murxkikkexxxxxkexxxxx in making our Bible of Democracy. Mach age makes ins own Bible/ To the Jews it was the Law, the first five books of the Old Testament. To the early Christians it was tye Old Testament/ as a whole, the Law and the Prophets. To the later Christinsa it was the Old testament and parts of the New Testamant. For four hundred years after the time of Jesus the Christian bodyxxx was adding and subtracting from its won contribution. In our own time we are unconsciously doing the same thing. We are making our Bible of Democracy, From all the great writings of the past we are selecting those choice bits, that appeal to the depths of the human soul in all its varied moods. In this cummulative and selective process we find our kinship to the past, and realize the true continuity of human history in the continuity of its great hopes its great struggles for truth, and justice, Through the symbol of Languague expressing the hope, the thought the aspiration, and the history of humanitythrough the centuries, we enter into that deeper and more wholesome idea that we are not merely the children of our time but of all time.