Unity Church, Fittsfield, Mass, May 23, 1909.

Subject, -- The Fate of Tomlinson.

It has been observed with seeming acuteness that climatic conditions have a modifying influence upon the developement of character. The extreme and barren rigor of the frigid zone fails to give the warmth necessary to the broad and versatile personality. Ont the other hand the luxuriant abundance of the torrid zone tends to extinguish ambition and activity and produce a rype of human nature whose distinguishing characteristic is most pungently described in the now famous words innocuous desuetude. It is pointed out that only in the temperate zones with its variety of climate and the healthy ruggedness of its conditions that the most satisfactory specimens of manhood and womanhood are produced.

While it is possible to carry this kind of logic too

far, yet there is a large element of truth in it. But it is to be noted that the same kind of logic may be applied to the development of the moral and spiritual like of man. Between the two possibilities of frigid barrenness on the one hand and the enervating atmosphere of tropical luxuriance on the the other hand, there is the temperate zone of the moral and spiritual life in which we develope a broad versatile, vigorous moral and spiritual character.

I am not concerned this morning with xmm specific danger of moral and spiritual barrehness growing out of the mere negation of warmth, but rather with that danger to the health of personality which comes from the excessive abundance and luxuriance of life. Just as a strong and robust person loses his strength and powers of physical activity when he is compelle for any reason to spend his time in idleness, so

with the intellectual, moral and spiritual aspects of life, voluntary or enforced idleness and inactivity results in moral, intellectual, and spiritual paralysis.

By nature we are constructive, creating, and producing beings. We live in the midst of a universe ordered in an intelligent good-will. Our life is pregnant with infinite possibilities. This universe ordered in an intelligent Good) will, this universe, shot through and through with the vitalizing powers of truth, goodness, and beauty, is the minex inexhaustable mine out of which we take the raw material of xx life. Acting upon this raw material in the experiences of human life, we create, we construct, we produce, the visualixed image in the forms of labor, art, thought, and conduct, of the idealized vision of human life. Each for the joy of the work ing and each in his separate star draws the thing as he sees it for the God of things as they are. When we are acting and

reacting upon this inexhaustable storehouse of infinite trul h ; when we are taking from its unlimited supply, the requisite amount of raw material, and in the experiences of life are transforming that raw material into a finished product, we are living, a vigorous, healthy, intellectual, moral, and spiritual life. In this kind of a life, we are fullfilling our natural divine functions of creating, constructing, and producing the a world of reality, which in some degree, measures up to the ideal reality. When these functions cease, there appears the inevitable degeneration and decay, -the growth of a fatty, flabby flesh, in place of the degenerating muscles of a MEXEMMX normal active life. The supreme talent of human life is its capacity to create and produce the actual realization of its rational ideals. When that talent is not put tox its proper use in the xxxxxxxxx interchanging

activities of human relationships, when that talent is buried in the deadly soil of inactivity, there immediately begins the slow, but inevitable process of degeneration. The wages of passivity and inactivity is oblivion. Kipling, in his tremendously virile, and illuminating poem, Tomlinson, gives a dramatic, and highly imaginative picture of this insidious danger of human life. While you are doubtless familiar with the poem, I wish to recall it, quoting passages here and there. I beg of you to read it.

The ppint of the poem is that Tomlinson was just that type of a passive, non-creative, non-productive neutral kind of a being of which I have been speaking. He was neither godd nor bad. He followed along the lines of least reistance, or rather let us say, he remained basking in the sun of indolence waiting for the chance bits of entertainment and excitement

to find their way into his life. He reminds us of the aligator stretched out on the mud flats of the Nile, his mouth open waiting patiently for the flies to come and gather there. When sufficient number have gathered, the mouth snaps together. Thus did this Tomlinson. Thus do thousands of others. They x sit in the sun of indolence, intellectually, morally and spiritually inactive, depending www.xxx for the sustinence upon the thinking, the moral heroism, and the human vitality of others. They assume that they are here to be entertained, and they take their fun where they find it. So it happened, as nd to now, Tom luson, and one or land and h the poem says that

"... Tomlinson gave up the ghoust in his house in Berkley Square.

And a Spirit came to the bed-side and gripped him by the hair---

minet my relend, who were one

A Spirit gripped him be the hair and carried him far away,
Till he heard, as the roar of a rain-fe ford, the roar
of the Milky Way.-

Till he heard the roar of the Milky Way die down and drone and cease,

And they came to the Gate within the Wall where Peter holds the keys.

Thus Peter questions the luckless Tomlinson,-

Stand up, stand up now, Tomlinson, and answer loud and high

the good that ye did to the sons of men or ever ye came to die.

All that Tomlinson can say is to tell them what he has had been told to do by his priest and friend, who was his gri

guide on earth.

To which Peter replies,-

"For that ye strove in neighbor love it shall be writ - ten fair

But now ye wait in Heaven's gate, and not in Berkeley Square:

Though he called your friend from his bed to-night, he could not speak for you;

For the race is run by one and one , and mever by two and two."

Then Tomlinson looked up and down, and little gain was there;

For the naked stars grinned overhead, and he saw that his soul was xkm bare. .

Then Tomlinson begins his tale of the good that he has read

of , and hes heard of. Peter becomes impatient at this second hand piety and goodness, and thus replies,-

Ye have read, ye have felt, ye have guessed, good lack.
Ye have hampered Heaven's gate

There's little room between the stars in idleness to prate .

Oh, none may reach by hired speech of neighbor, priest, or kin

Through borrowel deed to God's good meed that lies so

Get hence, get hence, to the Lord of wrong, for doom has yet to run,

And the faith that ye share with Berkeley Square uphold you, Tomlinson.

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Thus did the soul of tomlinson fare in the world of d idealistic endeavor after the good. This is but a picture of an absolute principle. We have the talents and the power and the capacity to strive for the good of the sons of men. In the failure to use tose powers we barter the soul away, and there is no place for us in the world idealism. The gates of Heaven, not the heaven of a hereafter, but the heaven of this life, are shut in our faces, and we are turned out into the empty vacuuity of space.

But to return to Tomlinson, -

The Spirit grippe him by the hair, and sun by sun they fell,

Till they came to the belt of Naughty Stars that rim

The wind that blows between the worlds it nipped him to the bone,

And he yearned to the flare of Hell-Gate there as the light of his own hearth stone.

Tomlinson/ being shut out from heaven, assumed that he could get into hell wothout trouble, but the Devil thus addressed him,-

Sit down, Sit sown upon the slag, and answer loud and high

The harm that yer did to the sens of men or ever yer came to die.

Tomlinson, much taken back, began again his tale of weak kneed sin , and the

The wind that blows between the worlds it cut him like

a knife, which was a second of the second of

And Tomlinson took up the tale and spoke of his sin in

Once I had laughed at the power of love and twice at the grip if the grave,

And thrice I patted my God on the head that men might m

The devil he blew on a brandered soul and set it aside to cool;

Do you think I would waste my good pit-coal on the hide of a brainsich fool. ?

Thsu the examination continued until at last Tomlinson XXXXXX receives the verdict in these words,-

Ye are neither spirit nor spirk, -he said,; Ye are neither book nor brute--

Go. get ve back to the flesh again, for the sake of man's repute.

I'm all o'er-sib to Adam's breed that I should mock your pain,

But look that ye win to worthier sin ere ye come back again. Kex

Get hence, the hearse is at your door -- the grim black stallions wait --

They bear your clay to place to-day. Speed, lest ye come toolate.

Go back to the earth with lip unsealed -- go back with and an open eye,

And carry my words to the sons of men or ever ye come to die:

That the sin they do by two and two they must pay for one by one--

And..... the God that ye took from a printed book be with

you, Tomlinson.

This whole thing is a excellent presentation of the essentials human principles of life such as are suggested in that part of the parables of the talents as refers to the man who had the one talent and hid it in the ground. It does not make any difference how talents one has, the fact remains that if they are hidden in the ground of inactivity, xxx they vanish from our lives, as living vital forces. The only way in which they be retained and developed is by putting them to active use in the affairs of human life,

We are awakening to a consciousness of the fact that in many aspects of our life we have been viciously inactive, with the inevitable result that we have lost our talents.

Take it in municipal government. A large proportion of men ke have been inactive. They have simply let others do that in

which they should have had a part. In so doing they have lost their capacity for democracy. One of the sad and yet illumin ating aspects of amny of the attempted reforms is the fact that the XXXXX good intentions of the reformers does not make up for the loss in governmental capacity which they have suffered during the periods of inacitvity. The prupose of Government is not only to regulate the civic affairs for today , but to increase and develope max and increasing capacity for government.

Note also a parallell situation in the religious life.

The continued and persistant affort of throw the responsibil—

ties of religious thought and feeling upon the shoulders of

the priest, but simply dwarfs the spiritual life of man.

The talent for religious feeling, thought and aspiration is

a universal talent. Creative and productive activity is the

only method through which a highly moral and religious aspir tion in human life can be attained. Piety is not to be had x for the asking, if men would attain unto a religious faith that is grounded in the very nature of things, they may do so only as they put their talents to work upon the problems of life even in the midst of the grwatest complexities. The religious life of society has sufferred in degree beyond measure because of that vicious idea that Revelation has been Ex closed, and that the good life offers only the humdrum detail of obedience to that which is known, and cheap imitation of that which is set for us as an example. Only a Tomlinson, fit jeither for heaven or hell, will accet his religion ready made fro him, . Indded he cannot if he would. The fact that there is any spiritual life left among those who profess to accept in implicit obedience a ready made religion handed out

that they have been better than their vicious credd. They have not accepted their allegged authority, but have won for themselves in a creative and productive activity a religious fatth of their own. Truth alone is authority, and truth can be not attained only be living.

Carry xxxxxxxx this principle through all the departments of society, and you will find that our weaknesses are the apparent result of inactivity a passivity.

Life does seem worth living. It is simply because we have not been living, but have hust been staying here waiting for this entertainment. To him who has a purpose which calls into not action his creative and productive intellectual and moral proposers, this bugaboo of the uselewsness of life does not ex-

-18ist. To him all things are alive with infinite powers. He

finds every where that which absorbs his interest, that which calls out in action every power and capacity that he has. His trouble is not that time hands heavily upon his shoulders, or that he has to rush about like a mad- man in pursuit of some chance pleasure that may render the hours less heavy and long. Much rather is he concerned about the fleeting of time, and he is disturbed lest the years may not be long enough or many enough to anable him to make a beginning of h the absorbing task that is before him.

The fate of Tomlinson is to be avoided. To be able neither take part in the real vital life of productive goodness, nor to be able to take part in the real vital work of destructive evil is indeel a pitiable situation. To be shut from heaven and from hell, and driven out into the dark vacuum of passive oblivion because of inactivity, beacuse one

What to do ? Live, live, Apply the rpinciple of democracy to your own life. Put away from the shores and the proxx tected corners of indolence, Put out into the deep, where life is teeming with all its glorious possibilities, and there put down your nets and get a draught from below the surface. Your net will not be empty. Even if conditions cramp and crush, m make one desparate struggle and in that sruggle is the taste of the power that makes men free. In every problem of society apply the same principle. Activity, creative, and productive reaction upon the raw material of human life, is the force that draws out the latent powers of the human soul, heretofroe hidden beneath the xubbxxh poisonous soil of passivity. Throw upon men responsibility, make each amn feel that he is his own priest, and his own ruler, his own own philosopher, and his own maker, and he will resopnd.