Unity Church, Pittsfield, Mass. Nov. 13--'08.

Subject, -- Clear thinking and right living in the individual.

I wish to speak this morning on the subject Clear thinking and right liwing in the life of the imdividual. I realize that that this touches on a very complicated and difficult problem, yet it is one that touches very profoundly our every day life, both as its outward KAKAKKKK influence and internal happiness. We often read the words ,--By their fruits ye shall know them,--- but do we understand the full meaning of them.? At the very beginning let me point out a x very common and very misleading error that crops out in out attempts to understand the meaning of this

clear cut saying. You have doubtless heard many people pass the remark that it does not make any dufferance what people believe or what they think so long as the their conduct measures up to cetain conventional standards. On the surface that is a very satisfactory principle by which to live, but if you stop to think it over it is one of the most vicious of all our present day loose thijking immoralities. Jesus rebuke for that kind of a slip shod attitude is stinging and profoundly true. "Not every one that saith unto me, K Lord, Lord, shall enter into the kingdom of heaven, but he that doeth the will of my father who is in heaven. Many will say to me in that day, Lord, Lord, did we not prophesy in thy name and by thy name cast out

demons and by thy name do many mighty works? And them will I profess unto them ,I never knew you, depart from me, Ye that work iniquity. "That is a just rebuke for the person who has no opinions, and thinks to excuse himself by asserting that it does not make any difference what one thinks and what one believes, so long as conduct is satisfactory.

But it does make a difference, it makes all the difference in the world. By their fruits we shall know them, but the quality and the nature of their fruits are determined by the quality and nature of their the thinking, of their belief, their convictions, of their purpose, of the totality of their personality. We do not gather grapes of thorns, or figs of thistles.

Every good tree bringeth forth good fruit, and a corrupt tree bringeth forth evil fruit. Let me illustrate

the apparent truth of this. Two men may be working & side by side in some publis capacity. One is a genumerine man, fully alive to the public interests, giving a clean disinterested public service without thought of his persoanal welfare except in so far as his growing integrity shall become the greater contribution to the public good. The other is a man who is to all apparent evidences equally a public spirited man, but who in reality is working for his own interests, and for his own advancement. These two men jay work along together for many days or even many years, voting together, supporting eachothers measures, and so far as the public may judge are equally good public servants. but in time the fatal day comes and these men come face to face with a measure that involves the

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issue of the public wellfare against the selfish interest. Then comes the true test of the quality of the man, and the true nature of the inner man is disclosed to the public. The truly public spirited man accepts his own personal sacrefice, and lifts high the standard of the public well being. The other, who has been all the time inwardly corrupt, cannot meet the strain placed before him. With equal calmness he sacrefices the public good and upon the him accepts his palace of self interest.

Take the more personal ralationship of friends.

Here if any where this principle meets its test.

On the one hand you have that type of friendship which is nothing more of less than selfishness,

in which we make use of people for our own comfort and satisfaction. So long as they serve us, and reflect upon us to our advantage, we are very glad to call K them our friends. But just as soon as anything happens which shows that those whom we have use as our KKKK friends wiol demand something of us in the way of sacrefice, calling upo us to share with them some conventional misunderstanding, or even some more serious disgrace, then we begin to drop away like the dew before the suns rays. We do not measure up to the standard demanded by Emerson. Thou must give me a part of thyself. Thou must bleed for me. That kind of friends ship is rare, indeed it must be rare. We cannot be so tied to very many individuals that we can bleed for them all. But at least to those few choice ones of

our circle of friends, we must if we are men, be tied to them by bonds that demand sacrefice that goes the full limit of the true vicarious suffering. By our fruits we are known, but our fruits are determined in character by by the quality and the purity of our thought life and our inner faith.

In the questions of our alligience to great primciples, we meet the same problem. Do we adhere to, and expound those principles because they give us the comfortable sense of \*\*X\*\* respectability, and a fellowship with the great and well known, or do we adhere to them because they appeal to us as true and for their truth we give them a whole souled allegience that demands an unswerving devotion. Do you believe because you

have found something true and have rested your faith on the fock of ages, the experience of the human soul in the glory of KKKKKX human life.

As we answer these questions do we, not so me much by word of mouth, as by the unfailing test of the years, proclaim ourselves as good or currupt trees. Remember this above all things, else, that the true nature of our work, its ultimate influence, and its finab worth, is determined by the true nature of our inner and sectet thoughts, our peesonal beliefs, our deeper convictions. In times of crisis, in moments of great importance when the scales of life are balancing between good and evil, between smallness and nobility, the weight that tips the scale is the weight of our personality, determined by the nature of our thought

the integrity of our belief, and the purity of pur \$\sqrt{p}\$ pose. In the world of thought we are comparatively \$\sqrt{r}\$ free, but in the long run our thought world will \$\sqrt{k}\$ determine and transform the environment in which we live into the reality fashioned according to the image of the world that we carry in that all powerful power house of human thought and noble conviction.

This principle I wish to apply to certain very defanite concrete problems of every day life such as you and I have to meet. For in the recognition of the close relation of clear thinking to right living is the great secre5 power of the personal happiness and effeciency of the individual.

In the world of thought we are comparatively free, I said. I realize XXXX however, thay thought