"God of the New Age" by Wilkiam Eugene William Lyman D.D. Professor of kke Philosophy of Religion and Christian Ethics, Oberlin Graduate School of Theology. The Pilgrim Fress, 14 Beacon Street, Boston, Mass. 60 cents net.

This little books of some forty pages seven pages raises the very far reaching question as to the effect of the war upon our thought of God and our attitude towards redigious life. Interesting as the book is at some points, as a whole it exhibits that confusion of thought and language that seems almost impossible to rid ourselves of. Just as the author seems to show something of the real grip on present day conceptions and values, he drags in some phrase from the past that results in confusion and fog. The total result is that takes on the character of a rather superficial apologia for Christianity as a special dispensation in the world's history. In other words the book takes for granted in rath a raive manner the very question that is at issue at the present mome it in the religios thought, -namly , the question of the validity of the claim of the Christian Church as to a finality in the life and teachings of Jesus. We read ,-"Whereas in reality Christ so brought men into relation with God that his saving work is finding expression in ever more manifold and powerful forms." That may be said by Dr. Lyman concerning"the Christ" that Dr. Lyman finds in the New Testament, but who is to judge between the conception of the Christ who would be found in the front line trenches , and the conception of a Christ who would be in prison as a pacifist and conscien tions objector. We speak of God as operating in history, but we relieve ourselves of embarrassing predicaments by precisely the same method xxx that the Pope permits himself to maintain his infallibility. He is in. fallible only when he speaks ex cathedra. In precisely the same mann

sreak in a general way about the worl of God in History, but we

dodge the issue when we come face to face with unpleasant fact is precisely what is done in this book. Yet in some of his con of the future he touches upon values that many most of us hope he standing in this universe we live in. For example when he says that "The God of the new Age, then, is also the builder of a brotherly and progressive social order." we hope and believe that he is on solid ground, but we have yet to demonstrate that such a faith is a valid one. The conflicting armies of Christendom atleast cast a shadow over the idea that such a value is intimately related to what has passed for Christianity. Domestic strife and exploitation challenge our faith here. No.We have to go much deeper, and much more drastically at the task of re-estimating our religious values than this book does.

Old phrases, painted with a camouflage of modern words, serve only to obscure and confuse. Yet the book recognizes the existance of the problem, and touches the social significance of religion.

E.C.D.