This Sermon , first used in Pittsfield, Mass, during the month of June in 1918. At least that is the nearest date that I can determine as of July 15, 1951

Used in the Petersham Church on July 15, 1951.

The Great Tradition becomes The Great Faith.

Readings :

Written for me un the church of the bluely, 9-- 28/36. Thoreau's Journal; Page 270. for May 12, 1857.

These two passages, one from the Gospel of St. Luke, and the other from the Journal of Thoreau, whose adventerous life found its satisfactions along the banks of the placid Concord river, deal with essentially the same thing .-- the eternal hunger of human beings for values that are good enough or true enough , or beautiful enough to command our complete allegience and fidelity; to give purpose and dignity to our life beyond the mere motions of animal existance.

Several years ago Walter Lippman touched a tender and diseased nerve as he was examining body of our modern was world. Said he: 25cmething quite fundamental is left out of the modernist creeds. At least something which has hitherto

been quite fundamental has been left out. That something is the most abiding of all the experiences of religion. namely. the conviction that religion comes from God." Page 47. In order to penetrate the barriers of ignorance/certain superstitions that are characteristic of our "Moderns", so that they may grasp the meaning of that passage, it is almost necessary to re-write that last sentence so that it will read somewhat as follows : "That something is the most abiding of all the experiences of life, namely, the conviction that life-values h have their roots in the very fibre and structure of the universe. " We discover them, and make them our own, and in the process we enter into the enduring values of and enduring satisfactions of living. We touch the garment hem of the Great tradition, and, beheld, there arises in us the Great Faith.

-3-The story of the Transfiguration in the life of Christ .- properly understood, has a particular meaning for us in the hurricane age when storms of terrific force are sweeping across the world, - destroying, uprooting, and leaving in ruins many old and familiar, not to say, beloved trees and structures in the gardens of human life. The story itself, and the larger events of which it is a part are the product of just such an age as ours. Such ages as they were going through, and as we are going through, are of necessity involved in the life process of which we are the products and participants. What is the larger setting which surrounds this little mountain top scene of conversation between four men about a definite concrete situation of life that they faced.

Remember the Jews of the dispersion; remember the golden age of Israel as a nation of power, now departed

remember the growing doubts of the Jewish people in the truth and dependability of their religious creeds and customs; rethe member/humiliations and frustrations of a proud and prosperous people, but now subject to the rule and whims of the arrogant but decaying Roman Empire.

Remember also the greeks of the dispersion, to whom Paul in years to come was to make his appeal, - refugees of a great and dying culture, - scattered over the world, slaves of a Roman power whom that could not know the intellectual and spiritual wealth that the Greek refugees carried in their hunted bodies.

Remember the countless creeds and cults of what we contemptously call pagan religions, -offering their promises of immortality in the world to come as reward of support of their ceremonies and sacrefices amid the splendor of a powerful.

but dying age. These religions were no more pagan than much that passes for religion in our day, and they are remembered to-day only by those who seek to reconstruct a dead past.

But there is the general setting of the story of the Transfiguration; -memories and survivals of days that are gone; the glory that was Greece; the proud and faithful followers of "the one true God", the God of ancient Israel. If the survivals of History, whether its legends, its poetry, or its heroic figures are any test of truth, then khe amid all this splendor, and glamorous life that was the Roamn Empire, the most important incident of the day was not taking place in the great places of authority, nor even in the temples where the sacrefices and prayers were being offered to dead gods and dying hopes. There on the hill-top for these four young men was reborn and established the faith that was dying with their ancient creeds, and which Wa; ter Lippman says is

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left out of the creeds of us moderns, - namly that real great things in life are grounded in the heart of the universe, in the heart of God.

Get a closer view of this mountain top scene. Out of the obscure corner of Palestine had come this unknown youth, with the fire of faith and hope on his eyes, -purpose underlying his every word and act. You have been looking for a great messiah to restore you to glory, to recapture that which was lost. Things don't happen that way. God's blessings come not as gifts but as discoveried and acheivments. We have to fulfill the Law and the prophets. Come, follow me. I will lead.

So the people listened and heard him gladly, for he skope as one having authority, the authority of faith and conviction. In increasing numbers they gathered about him. A new life and a new faith flowed through their beings. The few became many;

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the many became a multitude. The tide was rising. But so also was opposition; so also was fear. Just a few days before this incident Jesus had told his followers that danger was ahead; - the cheif - priests, the scribes were after him. Arrest, trial for balaphemy or treason; conviction and crucification were in the offing. Here was a concrete situation, - not an abstraction about loving god or your neighbor. Just a plain cold fact to be faced.

So these four young men who had been working together, talking together, eating together, drinking together, - they go off by themselves to talk the thing over to think the thing through. This is not just an event in history, something that happened about 1906 years ago. It is much more than that, even though we may judge that on that hill top in Palestine the direction of human history took a turn towards a new order. That story describes in graffic poetical imagery a process that is constant in humann life. No per-

person escapes it; every institution is judged by it exacting crueskkonn questions, and plus or minus answers. Forward into the alluring land of hope and promise, or away into some corner of oblivion. Consider the detail . Jesus , as many a youth has done before, and is doing to day, nurtured in the heroic stories of a great past, profoundly moved by the Great Tradition of the race. had dedicated himself to a new and great faith of a better world of to-morrow in which the rule of God, the father of all should come to its full realization. Alone amid the down-hearted and discouraged, the defeated and frustratedm men and women among whom he lived, withm a clear understanding of the past, a wise penetrating knowledge of human beings t, he faced the future with hope and courage. The response had been tremendous. The multitudes followed. Now the hounds of mammon and the established, decaying order were on his trail. Already he could hear their dismal and

threatening baying, altogether too near for comfort. What was in his mind as he and the three close disciples climed the hill away from the crowd. What would be in your mind under similar circumstances? What is in your mind when you come face to face with similar but less forbidding situations.

First. Am I right ? Are the judgements that I have made on the present sound, true and just ? Are my pictures of the heroic past valid ? Are my hopes for the future well grounded ? Is my faith in the nature of life and its destiny supported by all that I know and feel ? Has life a meaning beyond the common round of food, raiment, shelter, mating, and pleasure ? These questions become real and pressing when the hounds are baying at one's heels.

Second. The second question is much more personal 2. Having answered all the varitations of the first question in the

affirmative, the next question is, - Have I the moral courage to carry through, sealing with my life itself my faith in the convictions that I have talked of to the disciples and the multitudes? Am I the real thing, or just an adle babbler? Such were the questions in this self-chosen, or God-chosen youth.

Then you turn to the three disciples that were with him. the impulsive Peter, the beloved John, and James. What was in their minds ? Precisely the same questions that are in our minds day in and day out . as we seek to understand the spirit and temper of our times, and the men and women to whom in one way or another our attention is called. We might translate their thought into words . Is this man whom we have been so closely associated, who has stirred our sluggish minds anaxhadias with hope and courage, - is he the real thing, or just one of those empty vessels of words and mo sounds ? Brought to a test will he carry through, or will he turn

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back, just one more disappointment to leave us more disillusioned than before. Have we pinned our faith on a true man, or a self-seeking exploiter of our spiritual miseries?

The graffic, poetic language of the story in Luke just lives with the background of their discussion an conversation over the situation. As it became clear to the disciples that this man Jesus, upon whom they had pinned their faith, really indended to go through clean, really determined to face the situation without sidestepping or Ilinching, then to them that scene on the hill-top began to take on an epic charater. They saw not along Jesus , with whom they had climed the hill, but in the back ground their imaginations pictured the great heroes of the race, -Moses who had led them from one bondage to a promised land, and Elias, and the prophets, -- here they were face to face with one in whose veins flowed the blood and spirit of the Great Tradition. It is good

on the mountain skews skews the clouds. This is the kind of man we have been seeking. This man whom we have known so intimately, talked with, eaten and drunk with, our own friend, ,- he is of the Great Tradition. In him we feel the pulse of the race at its best, in a moment of test. The very clouds seem to cry out as with the voice of God,-"This is my beloved son; hear him."

down to the multitudes and the turmoil of life, -each to his destiny. As we look back on the scene, we have a conviction that, perchance, that incident was the most important event of the day in the Roman Empire. One man had been tested, and had not been found wanting. Three men had caught a glimpse of the Great Tradition; had their faith inlife not only restored but confirmed and established. Back they were going to redeem an

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age, and lay the foundations of a new era in human history, even in the midst of the crumbling Roman Empire, and the decay of outworn creeds and cults, to re-establish a faith in the meaning and responsibilities of human living, to re-assert its divine character, to declare again and yet again that thy God Reigneth, and that he reigneth, not in some far off kingdom, but that he becomes flesh a dwells in our midst.

That was 19 centuries ago, not long when measured in terms of a million years of human history in this planet. But we jump the centuries to the quiet scene of the regions of the Concord River where Thoreau, another young man, tramped the fields on a may day of 1857, in his search for the parmanent and the stable and the important in life. The song of the Bay-wing gave him answer, - As he sand many a thousand years ago, so sang he tonight, In the beginning God heard him and pronounced the song good.

Hence endured it has endured. That is the answer of the ages, as it was the answer of 19 on the mount of Transfiguration 2-xthexre so it is on the Banks of the Concord, - the enduring values of life are not the products of the fleeting enginuity of man; they are r rooted in the very nature of life and the universe, in the heart of God, to use the poetic language of religion. They undurer appear, they endure, the meet the tests of life, they service the storms and changes. - not because man imagines they are beautiful, and good, and true, but because they are the very essence of life it self .- they are of the nature of the living God. They are the conditioning forces in the midst of which we daily move.

This process of sifting the permanent from the transcient, of discovering and responding to the appeals of the Great Tradition is constant in our lives. We see it in the dramatic, epic setting and imagery of the story of the Transfiguration. Such events are

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not the every day incidents of our common life. True they are more frequent than we imagine, or than history records. I suppose that if we could see the vast army of men and women who have been faithful even unto death to their deepest mankakamakana convictions and their unfaltering faith, we would be surprised at its vast throng as they come marching up from undated time agreeating along the residences highway of human history. Grateful are we for their gifts of heroism and courage to us. Our prayer and secretly cherished hope might be that we also might come through clean.

Our task is more simple, perhaps, certainly less dramatic, but not less insistant than theirs. It boils down to a very
definite thing that we have to face, in our-selves; in our homes;
in our occupations; in our relations to the various institutions
that the Great Tradition of faith and courage has created that life
might become increasingly rich.

Conctantly the dramatic episodes of the Transfiguration are being repeated . Now and again each one is the in the position of of Jesus . upon whom the penetrating eyes of the disciples were turned. How often we see our children looking thus at us .- Wondering whether we really cherish our alleged values, and could face a real test. Can we come through clean in these ordinary every day tests ? How frequently we are strengthened as we see our friends and neighbors meet their difficulties, carry their burdens. and give us a feeling that it is good for us to be here. With what anxiety and concern we follow the lives of public men - wondering whether they can meet the test of Baying hounds, or stand the terrible test of popular approval; or the still more exacting test of personal ambition and greed. How we have shuddered in these more recent years, as we have seen men , honored of their fellows, given public trusts and responsibilities, only to betray them. Yes. The

process is continuous; and like the hound of heaven, these tests p pursue us "with deliberate speed, and majestic instancy". The desp-three disciples heard the voice out of the clouds saying. This is my beloved son. Hear him." But had the answer of jesus to his test been negative, out of the same clouds, might have come the fatal words; "All things betray three thee, who betrayest Me."

We live in a period that is witnessing the crumbling of many ancient, and long established institutions, customs, and interpretations of life. The world is filled with refugees, not a alone from lands where freedom is perishing, but refugees from lands of thought and belief where creeds are dying, where the enduring values of life seem lost amid the falling debris. You here in this Church have inherited the fairest product of The Great Tradition, that man has ever known, A Free Church, in a free state.

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No over-lord to compell; no inquisitor to force the bended knee; no one to say thus must you say and so must you act. by a long tradition of hundreds of years made glorious by thousands who have been faithful to the last bitter end, you have in your hands the Great Tradition. That responsibility you cannot escape. You are not under the compulsion of any law or any authority. But the eyes of the spiritual refugees of our age are upon you. Like the disciples on the mount of transfiguration, or Thoreau listening to the song of the Bay wing, they want to know whether or not you have felt the pulse of the great tradition, and out of its life giving spirit. have earned a great Faith for the world of to-morrow.

We cannot pass this by. We are on the spot. It matters not whether we are four or ten, loo or a thousand. That is not the question. Have we the spirit of the great heroic past, and have we the faith in the great heroid future that will build out of the

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vital forces of to-day a yet more glorious world.

At the moment we are under no compulsion of the law, or of authority. We are still freemen, at least in the world of the spirit. But the hounds of authority, power, and compulsion are at large in the xxxxx world. Not since our ancestors fled their cruel exactions to lay the foundations of the New World in Freedom, have the forces of authority been so truculent and assertive, or so dangerous. We cannot escape the test. Eikker The clouds of the spirit that over shadow the world of men, "All things betray thee, who betrayest me" or men will begin to feel that it is good to be with us, and that the out of the clouds will come the ancient words? "This is my beloved son : hear him.