

Subject:- The Renewal of the Spirit

Scripture:- Mt. 18 27th

Text: Matthew 15:7 "This people
houreth me with their lips but
their heart is far from me"

It is not too extravagant a
statement to say that the idea
back of these words of the text
suggests one of the pressing prob-
lems of the habits of living of to-day.
The attention so often words that
the people of to-day are lacking
in religious faith, and that the
tendency of of the generation
which is now growing into
manhood and womanhood is
away from the religious habits of
life has a certain basis of truth.
Jesus seems to have ~~represented~~
regarded the people of his time

as lacking in that real consciousness
of co-operation ^{work} with God so essential
to all true living. He saw that in
their religious habits, their work was
spiritual power. Is not the same
drying ~~up~~ ^{to dry?} a few years ago a scientist
thought that he had solved the
problem of perpetual motion, as
worry a man for thought before.
His plan was to connect an
electric dynamo with an electric
motor. The dynamo would generate
the electricity which would make
the motor go, and the motor in its
turn would keep the dynamo
in motion as it generated the
electricity. All that would be
needed he thought would be
to get the thing once in motion

and the interaction of the machines
 the one upon the other, would keep
 them in motion forever. / The
 inventor, highly elated with his
 plan set the machines in their
 proper position, and having
 first set the dynamo to running
 at its full capacity connected it
 with the motor. / Still more
 elated was he when he found
 that his things were working
 out as he had hoped. / Day after
 day the ~~water kept the dynamo~~
 kept the motor in motion, and
 the water supplied power for the
 dynamo. / But after a few
 days his aches were somewhat
 checked as he noticed that
 the power which was forcing

from one machine to the other
 was gradually becoming less
 and less, - there was a constant
 waste of power. | After the machine
 had been running about 40
 days it stopped. | All the energy
 was gone, and the two lifeless
 machines stood patiently waiting
 for a new supply of power. |

The inventor had failed to
 take into account the daily loss
 of power by friction. |

The same kind of self forget-
 noting schemes have been tried
 in all ages as methods of daily
 living, and satisfying the deep
 needs of a human soul. | One way
 is, as an illustration for example
 three English people, of whom

George Eliot is perhaps best known who attempted to reduce all religion to the simple habit of worshipping humanity. | Geo. Eliot's novels were written to give expression to these ideas. | They held that we receive all his help, all his inspiration, all his courage from his fellow men. | They unconsciously worship each other, and the best of men is the greatest of truth. | Let me quote two passages from Geo. Eliot, as suggesting these thoughts "How exquisite is the satisfaction of feeling that another mind than your own sees precisely where and what is the difficulty, and can exactly appreciate the success with which

it is overcome." / An Emerson or
 a Thacker Parker, or a Channing
 would have said that the affe-
 ctive wind was refreshing so
 fully to the other because it was
 filled with the divine spirit. /
 Again she says "It is always good
 to know ^{if only in forming.} a charming human being:
 it refreshes one like the flowers
 and woods and clear brooks." /
 Another would say the something
 but add "it is the spirit of God
 speaking through that charming
 person." / So then the highest
 source of power was in man. / The
 fact is they were trying to set
 up a forgetful woman machine,
 one was receiving inspiration
 in worshipping another, and

the second in turn receiving his energy from the first. / This flow worked for a time, but day by day the original endowment of spiritual power grew less and less, as the friction of daily life ~~grew upon it~~, until at last the force was all expended, and the great invention of a new religion ceased to meet the demands of the soul. /

~~We are now suffering from a flow which is very similar to the one that Rev. Eliot believed in. We have attempted to make a perpetual motion machine by linking together in a closed system religious feeling with religious service. / "Do good,~~

and you will be good." "Be good and you will do good" are expressions which we have used to express this simple way of interpreting the religious life. / Do we have devoted ourselves to all forms of doing good. / Private charity, public philanthropy, social service - all these have become commonplace in the lives of most people. / Many people, unwilling to face the battles which modern thought has forced upon them in solving religious problems have retreated behind this alluring machine of forgetful motion. / "Do good and you will be good," and have insisted upon the thought that its work is so different what

you believe so long as you
 do good. / They have been taken
 at their word, the service to
 been performed, and for a time
 the soul has been satisfied
 in the service. / But slowly the
 spiritual force has been used up
 and now there some people are
 complaining because the lives of
 the men of to-day lack ^{the} spiritual
 impetus which seems to have been
 present years ago. / Slowly the
 original spiritual within machine
 of "do good, and you will be good"
 has run itself dry of its original
 spiritual force, and the bare
 mechanism is left. / The habit of
 doing good has become fixed,
 but its spiritual force, which
 alone gives it significance

is lacking. Giving money, found-
 ing, and endowing institutions,
 helping less fortunate people has
 become a habit, almost the fashion.
 True indeed it is that the habit
 is good, but the danger is that
 the habit may become a me-
 chanical automatic process
 utterly void of spiritual worth.
 We may honor people with our deed
 but our heart may be far from
 them. We may honor God in our
 habits, we may feed the hungry,
 cloth the naked, visit the suffer-
 ing, we may sing our praises and
 offer our prayers, and yet it may
 all be done without that spiritual
 significance which alone elevates
 man to the height of the divine

and still our hearts may be far from
 Him. Sir Lancelot found and
 brought out gold at the beggar
 and found out the Holy Grail. |
 Sir Lancelot, humble and loving
 shared his crust, and gave a
 drink of water, and found the
 Holy Grail. |

That always has been, and is
 now the one great problem of life. |
 To retain our daily habits of
 having good, and doing good
 and being good, and at the
 same time to keep our lives from
 becoming mechanical and un-
 spiritual. | I can imagine how
 deep was the feeling of satisfaction
 how sincere and honest was
 the prayer of the Pilgrims, when

in freedom they worshipped God
 together for the first time here
 in New England. Yet they soon
 lost the spirit of freedom, in
 the habits which freedom estab-
 lished, a long fierce struggle
 for their ^{descendants} became necessary to put new
 life into those dead habits. Even
 now does our inward soul rebel
 with thankfulness as we enjoy
 the privileges of religious freedom
 that freedom which the Puritans
 and Pilgrims so quickly lost. Do
 we realize what a relief it must
 have been to many souls to think
 that they no longer felt the necessity
 of believing those hideous ideas
 of New England Calvinism? |
 Why it will be that we are

again becoming mechanical in our attitude towards the richness of liberal thought? / The habit of being ~~too~~ liberal has grown upon us, and the liberal spirit is in danger of losing its zest and force. / But we would be willing to make the same sacrifices, to undergo the same social ostracism, to fight the same stern battles for religion's sake that those of the fighting generation ~~of~~ resounded to in answer to the Spirit of God speaking in their souls is by no means certain.

I often wonder ^{too} if we go to the polls and vote with as much satisfaction and trust

self respect as did the men
who first took part in electing
the officers to conduct the
affairs of the new self gov-
erning nation of the United
States. | The habit of self
government has become so
common with us that we
fail to appreciate its significance
and we shirk our duties
without realizing the responsibil-
ities which rest upon us! Must
we not admit that the power
which we lay to the regular
work of men whose habits of
life has glowed to a white heat
with the great spiritual power
received from the Father, is an
lover of the life, and that our

hearts are far from them! Like
 the great singing sphinx of Egypt
 we respond to the first rays
 of the rising sun, and give
 forth our music of praise in
 the early morning. But as the day
 advances, and we become
 used to the new power, our
 music ceases, and we fall into
 the commonplace again, even
 as the sphinx loses its music
 as the sun rises higher and
 higher, until finally it becomes
 as dumb on the sands of the
 desert.

I said that people are con-
 flating because the world
 seems to them to be becoming
 unreligious. | That is true to the

extent that our old religious habits are losing their vitality and we becoming mere mechanical operators. | We need to revive the spiritual power, to have a clearer consciousness of the spirit of God speaking to us with the voice of command in those still quiet hours of clear thought and deep emotion. | We need to fit ourselves into right relation with God and his great underlying purposes of the world's work. | We need to feel that every duty is sacred, and that every work should be done with honor and dignity. | We need to feel the Real Presence of the Divine power working

in us and through us and
 about, ^{us} and our deep and
 eternal dependence upon him.

This and this alone can keep
 the habits of daily life glowing
 with the heat of spiritual fervor.

There are two ways by which
 we may come to the conscious-
 ness of of God's power working
 in and through us, and of the
 necessity of the spiritual in the
 world.

On the one hand we may let
 the gradual process of losing
 our spiritual vitality go on un-
 checked until finally, by some
 great catastrophe we are recalled
 to the necessity of our communion
 with God. | How often it is in

is writing. / Discouraged, heart-
 broken, the injured soul tries
 to rekindle the fires of the spirit
 tries anew to come into con-
 nexion with the source of
 all help and comfort. / This also
 is Revolution. / Gentle and bitter
 are its methods. / It is like a
 flash of lightning suddenly darting
 across the dark heavy lifeless
 space between the earth and a
 cloud. / The communication between
 the earth and the cloud has
 become poor by unusual cir-
 cumstances. / The positive electricity
 must flow to the negative. /
 At last the stored up energy
 of these two forces, which ought
 to flow, the one into the other.

as two drops of water become one,
 become so great, the tension
 is so high that the force
 which keep them apart is spent
 and under the normal conditions
 are brought about by this great
 have working power of
 Revolution. |

On the other hand there is
 the simple natural forces of
 constant communication, with the
 great source of all power. | ~~There~~
 ought to work together with God. |
 There is the still small voice
 which speaks to us in moments
 when we rise above the
 commonplace, and think noble
 thoughts, and have noble feelings
 and are prompted to do noble
 deeds.

moments when "there are toger
 the bloom of whose beauty
 would be spoiled by the trans-
 ments of description." / Hours which
 we spend together in quiet
 worship, conscious that our
 souls are united by one common
 high purpose, by one noble as-
 sistance, we have when the
 Spirit is directing us, and we
 are being charged with that
 spiritual power which alone
 has alone great deeds. / In the
 home, in the fields, in houses of
 worship, wherever we are, if we
 will put aside the things
 that bind our spirits and in
 freedom look up to the source
 of our power, we shall receive

the uplift, the inspiration, the courage which we need, the vitality which can make the daily habits of life burn with love and devotion to what is right. |

The low runnings of our ~~social~~ political and industrial world, the great ferment of religious doubt and distrust, the all too common wasted life, and deflected soul, the days of discouragement and idleness in our own lives, — all these are warnings to us that there is not a complete adjustment between the daily habits and the spiritual forces. | The machine needs new energy.

Shall we let these warnings
 go unheeded, and await
 some great catastrophe to spur
 us on to action, and make
 us feel ~~the~~ our dependence upon
 God, or shall we respond to
 the quiet simple counsels
 of God as he speaks to us in
 our moments of communion
 with Him. / Shall we let the
 habits of citizenship become so
 lifeless, that, awakened by some
 great disturbance, we find the
 spirit gone? / Shall we let the
 responsibilities of our liberal
 religion be shirked until one
 day we find that the old sign
 has ceased to exist and we
 are overcome by a stroke of

religious indifference? / Shall
we permit our opportunities in
this life for growth and power
to run to waste. / God forbid!
On all sides the demands for
new life, for a greater spiritual
power are calling us to respond
the quiet counsels of God
heard within our souls. / Is that
call we ~~are~~ ^{will} going to respond
relying that only by working
with God can our greatest good
and God's own purpose be
attained.

No. Rudover.